

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF HARRISON COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI
SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT

ROBERT POOLE, HOPE POOLE, AND
ALYSSA POOLE AND CHARLIE POOLE, MINORS,
BY AND THROUGH THEIR NATURAL
GUARDIANS, ROBERT POOLE AND HOPE POOLE

PLAINTIFFS

VERSUS

CAUSE NO. A2402-2017-158

HUNT SOUTHERN GROUP, LLC FKA
FOREST CITY SOUTHERN GROUP, LLC,
FOREST CITY RESIDENTIAL MANAGEMENT, LLC,
HUNT MH PROPERTY MANAGEMENT, LLC,
UNKNOWN JOHN AND JANE DOES A THROUGH M, AND
OTHER UNKNOWN CORPORATE ENTITIES N THROUGH Z

DEFENDANTS

SUMMONS

THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI
COUNTY OF HARRISON

TO: Hunt Southern Group, LLC fka Forest City Southern Group, LLC
c/o Registered Agent
Capitol Corporate Services, Inc.
248 E. Capitol Street, Suite 840
Jackson, Mississippi 39201
OR WHEREEVER THEY MAY BE FOUND

NOTICE TO DEFENDANT(S)

THE COMPLAINT WHICH IS ATTACHED TO THIS SUMMONS IS IMPORTANT AND YOU
MUST TAKE IMMEDIATE ACTION TO PROTECT YOUR RIGHTS.

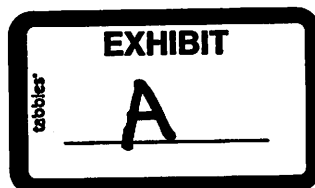
You are required to mail or hand-deliver a copy of a written response to the Complaint to **Rushing & Guice, P. L. L. C.**, the attorneys for Plaintiffs, whose address is **Post Office Box 1925, Biloxi, Mississippi 39533-1925** and whose street address is **1000 Government Street, Suite E, 2nd Floor, Ocean Springs, Mississippi 39564**. Your response must be mailed or delivered within thirty (30) days from the date of delivery of this Summons and Complaint or a Judgment by default will be entered against you for the money or other things demanded in the Complaint.

You must also file the original of your response with the Clerk of this Court within a reasonable time afterward.

Issued under my hand and the seal of said Court, on this the 22nd day of December, 2017.



BY: Connie Ladner Clerk
Christi Kerdu D.C.



IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF HARRISON COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI
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FILED
DEC 2.2 2017
CONNIE LADNER
CIRCUIT CLERK
BY: Christie Kendra D.C.

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COMPLAINT

JURY TRIAL REQUESTED

COME NOW Plaintiffs, Robert Poole, Hope Poole and Alyssa Poole and Charlie Poole, Minors, by and through their natural guardians, Robert Poole and Hope Poole (Plaintiffs), by and through their attorneys, Rushing & Guice, P.L.L.C., and file this their Complaint against Hunt Southern Group, LLC fka Forest City Southern Group, LLC, Forest City Residential Management, LLC, Hunt MH Property Management, LLC, Unknown John and Jane Does A through M, and Other Unknown Corporate Entities N through Z (Defendants), and for good cause of action, states unto the Court the following, to-wit:

PARTIES

I.

Plaintiff, Robert Poole ("Robert"), is an adult citizen of Harrison County, Mississippi residing at 113 Vandenburg Drive, Biloxi, Mississippi.

2.

Plaintiff, Hope Poole ("Hope"), is an adult citizen of Harrison County, Mississippi residing at 113 Vandenburg Drive, Biloxi, Mississippi.

3.

Plaintiff, Alyssa Poole ("Alyssa"), is the minor child of Robert and Hope, her natural guardians, born December 15, 2003, and is a resident of the State of Mississippi, residing at 113 Vandenburg Drive, Biloxi, Mississippi.

4.

Plaintiff, Charlie Poole ("Charlie"), is the minor child of Robert and Hope, his natural guardians, born January 30, 2008, and is a resident of the State of Mississippi, residing at 113 Vandenburg Drive, Biloxi, Mississippi.

5.

Defendant, Hunt Southern Group, LLC (Hunt Southern), formerly known as Forest City Southern Group, LLC (Forest City Southern) is a Delaware Limited Liability Company registered to do business in Mississippi. On March 18, 2016, Forest City Southern Group, LLC filed Articles/Certificate of Amendment with the Mississippi Secretary of State, changing its name to Hunt Southern Group, LLC. Hunt Southern fka Forest City Southern may be served through its registered agent, Capitol Corporate Services, Inc., at 248 E. Capitol Street, Suite 840, Jackson, Mississippi 39201. Hunt Southern fka Forest City Southern is believed to be the owner of the property in issue.

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Defendant, Forest City Residential Management, LLC (Forest City Residential Management), is an Ohio Limited Liability Company, formally known as Forest City Residential

Management, Inc., whose registration in Mississippi was administratively dissolved on November 30, 2016. Forest City Residential Management may be served with process by serving its registered agent for process, FCE Statutory Agent, Inc., 50 Public Square, Suite 1360, Cleveland, Ohio 44113. Forest City Residential Management is listed as the agent for Forest City Southern Group on the lease for the property in issue.

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Other Unknown John and Jane Does A through M are unknown Defendants who may be seasonably supplemented after discovery.

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JURISDICTION AND VENUE

10.

Jurisdiction is proper in this Court under Miss. Code Ann. § 9-7-81. Venue is proper in Harrison County as this is the location where the injuries were sustained, where the cause of action accrued and where Plaintiffs reside. Jurisdiction is also proper pursuant to Miss. Code

Ann. § 13-3-57 since Defendants were doing business within the State, made contracts with Plaintiffs, who at the time of the contract were residents of Mississippi, those contracts were performed wholly within Harrison County, Mississippi, Second Judicial District, and the alleged tort was committed against Plaintiffs in Mississippi. Defendants, therefore, should be subjected to the jurisdiction of Mississippi courts.

FACTS

11.

Robert is a Master Sergeant in the United States Air Force. In January of 2013 Robert and his family received orders reassigning him to Keesler Air Force Base in Biloxi, Mississippi. Like other military families moving to the area, the military housing assignment for the Plaintiffs was controlled by Defendants.

13.

Plaintiffs entered into a Military Lease Agreement with Defendants in January of 2013 and were assigned military housing at 113 Vandenburg Drive in Biloxi, Mississippi in the County of Harrison (Subject Property). Plaintiffs moved into the Subject Property in January of 2013. The Subject Property is located in the Bayridge Neighborhood, an exclusive Officers and Senior enlisted Community. Bayridge is comprised of 330 homes and is located on Keesler Air Force Base. At all times mentioned herein, Plaintiffs' home was owned, controlled or managed by one of Defendants.

13.

At the time Plaintiffs entered into the Military Lease Agreement, Bayridge was owned and operated by Forest City Southern and managed through Forest City Residential Management. In 2016, Bayridge was acquired by Hunt Southern and operated or managed

through Hunt MH Property Management. Upon information and belief Forest City Southern and Hunt Southern exercised custody and control over Bayridge and acted as the owners of Bayridge through a fifty year lease initiated by the United States Department of Defense through a program called the Military Housing Privatization Initiative. Essentially, while Defendants own the improvements on the land and maintain custody and control of the property, the United States maintains an ownership interest in the land.

14.

After moving into Bayridge, Plaintiffs reported several maintenance concerns involving mold and water damage. Despite Defendants' maintenance technicians reporting that the mold and leaks were resolved, it was later learned that the air conditioner ductwork had a sweating problem and that the mold problem was more pervasive. This duct sweating, caused by poorly insulated ductwork, contributed to the mold and water damage throughout the house. Further it has been recently shown that Defendants have taken significant steps to replace the ductwork in many of the houses they operate.

15.

Plaintiffs repeatedly requested that Defendants address mold and leaking problems while they lived in the Subject Property. Rather than addressing the cause of the leaks, Defendants' maintenance technicians cleaned the mold with soap and water. This allowed for the toxic mold to continue flourishing beneath the surface. Although Defendants learned that condensation was coming from attic ductwork, nothing was done to repair the moisture problem.

16.

Fraudulent misrepresentations were made to Plaintiffs by Defendants regarding the removal of the mold. Plaintiffs were told that the mold problem had been rectified when in fact

the cause of the water damage was not addressed. Throughout the entire time Plaintiffs resided at Bayridge, Defendants never replaced the air conditioner filters, despite reporting on the maintenance report that it was done quarterly. Plaintiffs replaced the filters on their own.

17.

Plaintiffs have obtained information from other military housing families which has led them to believe that mold issues such as those experienced in their home were commonplace, having occurred in other military housing owned and operated by Defendants.

18.

As a direct result of the continued exposure to toxic mold located in Plaintiffs' home, all of which was known to Defendants, Plaintiffs have suffered and continue to suffer physical injuries, medical expenses and property damage. Plaintiffs have suffered property loss due to the mold contamination without having been compensated for any of their losses.

19.

The Subject Property is a water damaged building, a residential structure which has been subject to excessive water intrusion from both external and internal water leaks and moisture accumulation. The term "water damaged building" is also used in conjunction with a descriptive term now used by the National Academies of Science, the U.S. Centers for Disease Control, and the World Health Organization, i.e., "damp indoor spaces" and "mold related illness," all of which collectively describe a mixture of biologically generated contaminants known to cause adverse human health effects. Damp Indoor Spaces are now recognized by multiple federal and medical authorities as a public-health problem, contributing to tens of thousands of illnesses across the country and billions of dollars in medical costs.

20.

In this case, the Subject Property likely has excessive mold growth and moisture inside the house, typical of a damp indoor space. *Stachybotrys*, commonly referred to as “black mold” or “toxic mold,” and *Aspergillus*, known to be a powerful respiratory irritant, are both commonly found in damp indoor spaces. Both spores are particularly dangerous, as both are well known to grow in excessive numbers in damp indoor spaces and both release mycotoxins and VOCs, and have toxic impacts of their own. The likely presence of these spores demonstrates the extremely dangerous conditions Plaintiffs were forced to live in.

21.

Defendants, as large, national managers and owners of thousands of apartment and residential units knew full well of the health risks associated with water damaged buildings and mold. Defendants failed to remediate mold in the Subject Property and caused serious injury and property loss to Plaintiffs as a result.

COUNT I

NEGLIGENCE

22.

Plaintiffs incorporate herein each and every allegation made in Paragraphs 1 through 21.

23.

Defendants, as owners and/or managers of Bayridge:

- A. Failed to provide a reasonably safe premises in accordance with the Military Lease Agreement, which amounted to a breach of the implied warranty of habitability;
- B. Negligently failed to pay for relocation expenses and caused Plaintiffs to pay for the moving expenses;
- C. Failed to exercise reasonable care to repair dangerous defective conditions upon notice of their existence by Plaintiffs;
- D. Negligently failed to maintain the air conditioning system and ducts in such a way allowing ideal conditions for toxic mold to grow in the Plaintiffs' house, including never replacing the air conditioner filters;
- E. Negligently managed and maintained Bayridge;
- F. Negligently supervised their employees, agents and/or representatives;
- G. Negligently trained and supervised their employees, agents and/or representatives;
- H. Negligently inspected Bayridge for dangerous and harmful conditions;
- I. Negligently remediated the toxic mold contained in the Subject Property;
- J. Knew or should have known that the house contained dangerous levels of toxic mold and did nothing to remedy the toxic mold infestation;
- K. Failed to exercise reasonable care to repair dangerous defective conditions, which included the existence of mass amounts of toxic mold in the Subject Property, upon notice of their existence by Plaintiffs;
- L. Negligently failed to promulgate warnings to their tenants about the existence of toxic mold and/or the possibility of the development of toxic mold; and

M. Failed to prevent any and all other acts of negligence which may be proven at trial by failing to fulfill its duties to Plaintiffs, thus causing damages which they have suffered.

24.

As a direct and proximate result of the negligence of Defendants, Plaintiffs sustained serious and painful personal injuries, extreme mental and physical pain and suffering, anxiety, anguish and upset, losses and damage to their quality of life, and mental and emotional well-being, property damage, and reasonable and necessary doctor, hospital, medical and related bills and expenses.

COUNT II

GROSS NEGLIGENCE

25.

Plaintiffs incorporate herein each and every allegation made in Paragraphs 1 through 24.

26.

At all times mentioned herein, Defendants acted with gross negligence in total disregard of the duties owed to Plaintiffs to the degree that said gross negligence constitutes an intentional act.

27.

As a direct and proximate result of the gross negligence of Defendants, Plaintiffs have suffered injuries as described herein.

COUNT III
BREACH OF CONTRACT

28.

Plaintiffs incorporate herein each and every allegation made in Paragraphs 1 through 27.

29.

Defendants breached the Military Lease Agreement entered into with Plaintiffs in January of 2013. The contract was breached for the following reasons:

- A. Defendants violated the Implied Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing when they failed to deal fairly and in good faith causing Plaintiffs to not benefit from the contract;
- B. Defendants violated the Implied Warranty of Habitability, which is implied in all residential leases, when they leased to Plaintiffs a house that was not fit for human habitation;
- C. The negligent management and maintenance of the property led to the moist environment, which is ideal for toxic mold growth;
- D. Defendants failed to successfully complete the annual physical maintenance inspection of the property to ensure the house was up to housing maintenance quality standards by finding and repairing moist conditions that existed in the house;
- E. Defendants' employees or agents physically inspected the Subject Property after the complaints about toxic mold were made to Defendants and nothing was done to properly remedy the toxic mold infestation;

- F. Toxic mold spores were visible in plain sight so that Defendants' employees were able or should have been able to witness toxic mold growing in the houses and still did nothing to remedy the toxic mold infestation; and
- G. Defendants failed to honor the lease provision which allows for relocation of the tenant in the event the housing becomes uninhabitable. Further the lease provides that "Owner shall pay the cost of the relocation." Plaintiffs shouldered the entire cost of the relocation.

30.

As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' breaching the contract with Plaintiffs and providing an unreasonably dangerous house, Plaintiffs sustained serious and painful, extreme mental and physical pain and suffering, anxiety, anguish and upset, losses and damage to their quality of life, and mental and emotional well-being, property damage, and reasonable and necessary doctor, hospital, medical and related bills and expenses.

COUNT IV CIVIL CONSPIRACY

31.

Plaintiffs incorporate herein each and every allegation contained in Paragraphs 1 through 30.

32.

At all times mentioned herein, Defendants operated under an agreement between two or more persons or entities to accomplish the unlawful purpose of concealing dangerous conditions within the Subject Property. Additionally, each Defendant committed overt acts in furtherance of this conspiracy to conceal the dangerous condition causing damage to Plaintiffs.

COUNT V

ALTER EGO

33.

Plaintiffs incorporate herein each and every allegation contained in Paragraphs 1 through 32.

34.

At all times mentioned herein, Defendants, and each of them, inclusive of Unknown John and Jane Does A through M and Unknown Entities N through Z, were authorized and empowered by each other to act, and did so act, as agents of each other, and all of the things herein alleged to have been done by them were done in the capacity of such agency. Defendants disregarded corporate formalities and used the corporate form to commit the aforementioned malfeasance. Upon information and belief, all Defendants are responsible in some manner for the events described herein and liable to Plaintiffs for the damages they have incurred.

COUNT VI

FRAUDULENT CONCEALMENT

35.

Plaintiffs incorporate herein each and every allegation contained in Paragraphs 1 through 34.

36.

Defendants are guilty of fraudulent concealment which, in accordance with Miss. Code §15-1-67, results in Plaintiffs' cause of action accruing when "such fraud shall be, or with reasonable diligence might have been, first known or discovered." The fraudulent actions of Defendants are:

A. Defendants took affirmative action designed or intended to prevent Plaintiffs from discovering the presence of toxic mold in their home, which affirmative action did in fact work to prevent them from discovering the toxic mold, until such time as action was taken by Plaintiffs to confirm the presence of the toxic mold;

B. Defendants' maintenance technicians repeatedly reported that the toxic mold and leaks were located, repaired and removed when in fact they were not;

C. Defendants did not disclose to Plaintiffs that they knew that toxic mold was a problem in the military housing they owned and managed;

D. Defendants did not disclose to Plaintiffs that they knew that toxic mold had caused serious health problem to residents of military housing they owned and managed; and

E. Defendants did not disclose to Plaintiffs that they knew the military housing they owned and managed suffered from serious construction defects that caused damp indoor spaces making the growth of toxic mold foreseeable.

COUNT VII

INTENTIONAL ENDANGERMENT

37.

Plaintiffs incorporate herein the allegations contained in Paragraphs 1 through 36.

38.

At all times mentioned herein, Defendants' actions were intentional and endangering to Plaintiffs. This included intentionally endangering Plaintiffs by allowing them to live in dangerous housing conditions, intentionally endangering Plaintiffs by allowing the dangerous conditions to persist, intentionally endangering Plaintiffs by failing to remedy the dangerous

conditions, and intentionally endangering Plaintiffs by failing to relocate Plaintiffs after the dangerous conditions were discovered.

DISCOVERY RULE

39.

Plaintiffs incorporate herein the allegations contained in Paragraphs 1 through 38.

40.

To the extent that Defendants allege that any of Plaintiffs' claims against them are barred by any statute of limitations, Plaintiffs plead the discovery rule. Plaintiffs suffered from a latent injury, undiscoverable by reasonable means. Plaintiffs neither knew nor should have known that they had been harmed, much less that their harm was caused by the wrongful conduct of Defendants until such time that was within the limitations period applicable to the claims they have asserted.

CONTINUING TORT

41.

Plaintiffs incorporate herein the allegations contained in Paragraphs 1 through 40.

42.

To the extent that Defendants allege that any of Plaintiffs' claims against them are barred by any statute of limitations, Plaintiffs plead the continuing tort doctrine. Defendants inflicted injury upon Plaintiffs over a period of time by engaging in continuous wrongful conduct which was repeated until Plaintiffs moved out of the Subject Property.

DISABILITY OF INFANCY

43.

Plaintiffs incorporate herein the allegations contained in Paragraphs 1 through 42.

44.

Alyssa and Charlie are minors, tolling the applicable statute of limitations in accordance with the minors savings clause. See Miss. Code Ann. § 15-1-59.

DAMAGES

45.

Plaintiffs incorporate herein each and every allegation made in Paragraphs 1 through 44.

46.

As a direct and proximate result of the Defendants' wrongful and negligent conduct, Plaintiffs sustained serious injuries, losses, and damages as follows:

A. Plaintiff, Robert Poole, sustained serious and painful personal injuries, property damage, extreme mental and physical pain, suffering, anxiety, anguish and upset, losses and damage to his quality of life, and mental and emotional well-being, reasonable and necessary doctor, hospital, medical and related bills and expenses, all of which he should be compensated for;

B. Plaintiff, Hope Poole, sustained serious and painful personal injuries, property damage, extreme mental and physical pain, suffering, anxiety, anguish and upset, losses and damage to her quality of life, and mental and emotional well-being, reasonable and necessary doctor, hospital, medical and related bills and expenses, all of which she should be compensated for;

C. Plaintiff, Alyssa Poole, sustained serious and painful personal injuries, property damage, extreme mental and physical pain, suffering, anxiety, anguish and upset, losses and damage to her quality of life, and mental and emotional well-being, reasonable and necessary doctor, hospital, medical and related bills and expenses, all of which she should be compensated for:

D. Plaintiff, Charlie Poole, sustained serious and painful personal injuries, property damage, extreme mental and physical pain, suffering, anxiety, anguish and upset, losses and damage to his quality of life, and mental and emotional well-being, reasonable and necessary doctor, hospital, medical and related bills and expenses, all of which he should be compensated for.

PUNITIVE DAMAGES

47.

Plaintiffs incorporate herein each and every allegation made in Paragraphs 1 through 46.

48.

At all times mentioned herein, Defendants acted with actual malice and/or gross negligence which evidenced a willful, wanton, or reckless disregard for others, or committed actual fraud, and such actions were so oppressive and overbearing that in order to punish the wrongdoer and deter similar misconduct in the future, Defendants should be subject to punitive damages consistent with the statutory scheme in the State of Mississippi. Specifically, after considering Defendants' financial condition and net worth, the nature and reprehensibility of Defendants' wrongdoing, Defendants' awareness of the amount of harm being caused, and Defendants' motivation in causing such harm, the duration of Defendants' misconduct and

attempts to conceal such misconduct, and Miss. Code Ann. § 11-1-65, Defendants should be subject to punitive damages in an amount to be proven at trial and decided by the jury.

ATTORNEYS' FEES

49.

Plaintiffs incorporate herein each and every allegation made in Paragraphs 1 through 48.

50.

Defendants are liable for all reasonable attorneys' fees, costs, and expenses incurred in pursuit of this cause if found liable for punitive damages or fraud.

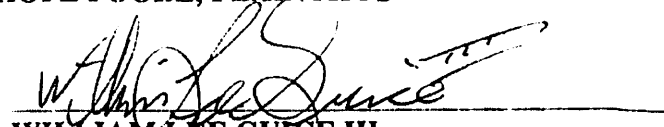
PRAYER

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray that after due proceedings are had that a Judgment be rendered in favor of Plaintiffs and against Defendants for damages in an amount to be proven at the trial of this cause, said damages including actual damages, compensatory damages and any other such damages to which Plaintiffs may be entitled and which may be proven at the trial of this cause, for a punitive damages amount based on Defendants' financial condition and net worth, for attorneys' fees, for post-judgment interest, or for such other amount consistent with the statutory scheme in Mississippi for the awarding of such damages, for all costs of this cause and for such other relief to which Plaintiffs may be entitled under the premises.

Respectfully submitted,

**ROBERT POOLE, HOPE POOLE, AND
ALYSSA POOLE AND CHARLIE POOLE, MINORS,
BY AND THROUGH THEIR NATURAL
GUARDIANS, ROBERT POOLE
AND HOPE POOLE, PLAINTIFFS**

BY:


**WILLIAM LEE GUICE III
MS BAR # 5059
MARIA MARTINEZ
MS BAR # 9951
RUSHING & GUICE, P.L.L.C.
P. O. BOX 1925
BILOXI, MS 39533
TELEPHONE: (228) 374-2313
FAX: (228) 875-5987
ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFFS**

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Plaintiff, Alyssa Poole ("Alyssa"), is the minor child of Robert and Hope, her natural guardians, born December 15, 2003, and is a resident of the State of Mississippi, residing at 113 Vandenburg Drive, Biloxi, Mississippi.

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the cause of the water damage was not addressed. Throughout the entire time Plaintiffs resided at Bayridge, Defendants never replaced the air conditioner filters, despite reporting on the maintenance report that it was done quarterly. Plaintiffs replaced the filters on their own.

17.

Plaintiffs have obtained information from other military housing families which has led them to believe that mold issues such as those experienced in their home were commonplace, having occurred in other military housing owned and operated by Defendants.

18.

As a direct result of the continued exposure to toxic mold located in Plaintiffs' home, all of which was known to Defendants, Plaintiffs have suffered and continue to suffer physical injuries, medical expenses and property damage. Plaintiffs have suffered property loss due to the mold contamination without having been compensated for any of their losses.

19.

The Subject Property is a water damaged building, a residential structure which has been subject to excessive water intrusion from both external and internal water leaks and moisture accumulation. The term "water damaged building" is also used in conjunction with a descriptive term now used by the National Academies of Science, the U.S. Centers for Disease Control, and the World Health Organization, i.e., "damp indoor spaces" and "mold related illness," all of which collectively describe a mixture of biologically generated contaminants known to cause adverse human health effects. Damp Indoor Spaces are now recognized by multiple federal and medical authorities as a public-health problem, contributing to tens of thousands of illnesses across the country and billions of dollars in medical costs.

20.

In this case, the Subject Property likely has excessive mold growth and moisture inside the house, typical of a damp indoor space. *Stachybotrys*, commonly referred to as “black mold” or “toxic mold,” and *Aspergillus*, known to be a powerful respiratory irritant, are both commonly found in damp indoor spaces. Both spores are particularly dangerous, as both are well known to grow in excessive numbers in damp indoor spaces and both release mycotoxins and VOCs, and have toxic impacts of their own. The likely presence of these spores demonstrates the extremely dangerous conditions Plaintiffs were forced to live in.

21.

Defendants, as large, national managers and owners of thousands of apartment and residential units knew full well of the health risks associated with water damaged buildings and mold. Defendants failed to remediate mold in the Subject Property and caused serious injury and property loss to Plaintiffs as a result.

COUNT I

NEGLIGENCE

22.

Plaintiffs incorporate herein each and every allegation made in Paragraphs 1 through 21.

23.

Defendants, as owners and/or managers of Bayridge:

- A. Failed to provide a reasonably safe premises in accordance with the Military Lease Agreement, which amounted to a breach of the implied warranty of habitability;
- B. Negligently failed to pay for relocation expenses and caused Plaintiffs to pay for the moving expenses;
- C. Failed to exercise reasonable care to repair dangerous defective conditions upon notice of their existence by Plaintiffs;
- D. Negligently failed to maintain the air conditioning system and ducts in such a way allowing ideal conditions for toxic mold to grow in the Plaintiffs' house, including never replacing the air conditioner filters;
- E. Negligently managed and maintained Bayridge;
- F. Negligently supervised their employees, agents and/or representatives;
- G. Negligently trained and supervised their employees, agents and/or representatives;
- H. Negligently inspected Bayridge for dangerous and harmful conditions;
- I. Negligently remediated the toxic mold contained in the Subject Property;
- J. Knew or should have known that the house contained dangerous levels of toxic mold and did nothing to remedy the toxic mold infestation;
- K. Failed to exercise reasonable care to repair dangerous defective conditions, which included the existence of mass amounts of toxic mold in the Subject Property, upon notice of their existence by Plaintiffs;
- L. Negligently failed to promulgate warnings to their tenants about the existence of toxic mold and/or the possibility of the development of toxic mold; and

M. Failed to prevent any and all other acts of negligence which may be proven at trial by failing to fulfill its duties to Plaintiffs, thus causing damages which they have suffered.

24.

As a direct and proximate result of the negligence of Defendants, Plaintiffs sustained serious and painful personal injuries, extreme mental and physical pain and suffering, anxiety, anguish and upset, losses and damage to their quality of life, and mental and emotional well-being, property damage, and reasonable and necessary doctor, hospital, medical and related bills and expenses.

COUNT II

GROSS NEGLIGENCE

25.

Plaintiffs incorporate herein each and every allegation made in Paragraphs 1 through 24.

26.

At all times mentioned herein, Defendants acted with gross negligence in total disregard of the duties owed to Plaintiffs to the degree that said gross negligence constitutes an intentional act.

27.

As a direct and proximate result of the gross negligence of Defendants, Plaintiffs have suffered injuries as described herein.

COUNT III
BREACH OF CONTRACT

28.

Plaintiffs incorporate herein each and every allegation made in Paragraphs 1 through 27.

29.

Defendants breached the Military Lease Agreement entered into with Plaintiffs in January of 2013. The contract was breached for the following reasons:

- A. Defendants violated the Implied Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing when they failed to deal fairly and in good faith causing Plaintiffs to not benefit from the contract;
- B. Defendants violated the Implied Warranty of Habitability, which is implied in all residential leases, when they leased to Plaintiffs a house that was not fit for human habitation;
- C. The negligent management and maintenance of the property led to the moist environment, which is ideal for toxic mold growth;
- D. Defendants failed to successfully complete the annual physical maintenance inspection of the property to ensure the house was up to housing maintenance quality standards by finding and repairing moist conditions that existed in the house;
- E. Defendants' employees or agents physically inspected the Subject Property after the complaints about toxic mold were made to Defendants and nothing was done to properly remedy the toxic mold infestation;

- F. Toxic mold spores were visible in plain sight so that Defendants' employees were able or should have been able to witness toxic mold growing in the houses and still did nothing to remedy the toxic mold infestation; and
- G. Defendants failed to honor the lease provision which allows for relocation of the tenant in the event the housing becomes uninhabitable. Further the lease provides that "Owner shall pay the cost of the relocation." Plaintiffs shouldered the entire cost of the relocation.

30.

As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' breaching the contract with Plaintiffs and providing an unreasonably dangerous house, Plaintiffs sustained serious and painful, extreme mental and physical pain and suffering, anxiety, anguish and upset, losses and damage to their quality of life, and mental and emotional well-being, property damage, and reasonable and necessary doctor, hospital, medical and related bills and expenses.

COUNT IV CIVIL CONSPIRACY

31.

Plaintiffs incorporate herein each and every allegation contained in Paragraphs 1 through 30.

32.

At all times mentioned herein, Defendants operated under an agreement between two or more persons or entities to accomplish the unlawful purpose of concealing dangerous conditions within the Subject Property. Additionally, each Defendant committed overt acts in furtherance of this conspiracy to conceal the dangerous condition causing damage to Plaintiffs.

COUNT V

ALTER EGO

33.

Plaintiffs incorporate herein each and every allegation contained in Paragraphs 1 through 32.

34.

At all times mentioned herein, Defendants, and each of them, inclusive of Unknown John and Jane Does A through M and Unknown Entities N through Z. were authorized and empowered by each other to act, and did so act, as agents of each other, and all of the things herein alleged to have been done by them were done in the capacity of such agency. Defendants disregarded corporate formalities and used the corporate form to commit the aforementioned malfeasance. Upon information and belief, all Defendants are responsible in some manner for the events described herein and liable to Plaintiffs for the damages they have incurred.

COUNT VI

FRAUDULENT CONCEALMENT

35.

Plaintiffs incorporate herein each and every allegation contained in Paragraphs 1 through 34.

36.

Defendants are guilty of fraudulent concealment which, in accordance with Miss. Code §15-1-67, results in Plaintiffs' cause of action accruing when "such fraud shall be, or with reasonable diligence might have been, first known or discovered." The fraudulent actions of Defendants are:

A. Defendants took affirmative action designed or intended to prevent Plaintiffs from discovering the presence of toxic mold in their home, which affirmative action did in fact work to prevent them from discovering the toxic mold, until such time as action was taken by Plaintiffs to confirm the presence of the toxic mold;

B. Defendants' maintenance technicians repeatedly reported that the toxic mold and leaks were located, repaired and removed when in fact they were not;

C. Defendants did not disclose to Plaintiffs that they knew that toxic mold was a problem in the military housing they owned and managed;

D. Defendants did not disclose to Plaintiffs that they knew that toxic mold had caused serious health problem to residents of military housing they owned and managed; and

E. Defendants did not disclose to Plaintiffs that they knew the military housing they owned and managed suffered from serious construction defects that caused damp indoor spaces making the growth of toxic mold foreseeable.

COUNT VII

INTENTIONAL ENDANGERMENT

37.

Plaintiffs incorporate herein the allegations contained in Paragraphs 1 through 36.

38.

At all times mentioned herein, Defendants' actions were intentional and endangering to Plaintiffs. This included intentionally endangering Plaintiffs by allowing them to live in dangerous housing conditions, intentionally endangering Plaintiffs by allowing the dangerous conditions to persist, intentionally endangering Plaintiffs by failing to remedy the dangerous

conditions, and intentionally endangering Plaintiffs by failing to relocate Plaintiffs after the dangerous conditions were discovered.

DISCOVERY RULE

39.

Plaintiffs incorporate herein the allegations contained in Paragraphs 1 through 38.

40.

To the extent that Defendants allege that any of Plaintiffs' claims against them are barred by any statute of limitations, Plaintiffs plead the discovery rule. Plaintiffs suffered from a latent injury, undiscoverable by reasonable means. Plaintiffs neither knew nor should have known that they had been harmed, much less that their harm was caused by the wrongful conduct of Defendants until such time that was within the limitations period applicable to the claims they have asserted.

CONTINUING TORT

41.

Plaintiffs incorporate herein the allegations contained in Paragraphs 1 through 40.

42.

To the extent that Defendants allege that any of Plaintiffs' claims against them are barred by any statute of limitations, Plaintiffs plead the continuing tort doctrine. Defendants inflicted injury upon Plaintiffs over a period of time by engaging in continuous wrongful conduct which was repeated until Plaintiffs moved out of the Subject Property.

DISABILITY OF INFANCY

43.

Plaintiffs incorporate herein the allegations contained in Paragraphs 1 through 42.

44.

Alyssa and Charlie are minors, tolling the applicable statute of limitations in accordance with the minors savings clause. See Miss. Code Ann. § 15-1-59.

DAMAGES

45.

Plaintiffs incorporate herein each and every allegation made in Paragraphs 1 through 44.

46.

As a direct and proximate result of the Defendants' wrongful and negligent conduct, Plaintiffs sustained serious injuries, losses, and damages as follows:

A. Plaintiff, Robert Poole, sustained serious and painful personal injuries, property damage, extreme mental and physical pain, suffering, anxiety, anguish and upset, losses and damage to his quality of life, and mental and emotional well-being, reasonable and necessary doctor, hospital, medical and related bills and expenses, all of which he should be compensated for;

B. Plaintiff, Hope Poole, sustained serious and painful personal injuries, property damage, extreme mental and physical pain, suffering, anxiety, anguish and upset, losses and damage to her quality of life, and mental and emotional well-being, reasonable and necessary doctor, hospital, medical and related bills and expenses, all of which she should be compensated for;

C. Plaintiff, Alyssa Poole, sustained serious and painful personal injuries, property damage, extreme mental and physical pain, suffering, anxiety, anguish and upset, losses and damage to her quality of life, and mental and emotional well-being, reasonable and necessary doctor, hospital, medical and related bills and expenses, all of which she should be compensated for:

D. Plaintiff, Charlie Poole, sustained serious and painful personal injuries, property damage, extreme mental and physical pain, suffering, anxiety, anguish and upset, losses and damage to his quality of life, and mental and emotional well-being, reasonable and necessary doctor, hospital, medical and related bills and expenses, all of which he should be compensated for.

PUNITIVE DAMAGES

47.

Plaintiffs incorporate herein each and every allegation made in Paragraphs 1 through 46.

48.

At all times mentioned herein, Defendants acted with actual malice and/or gross negligence which evidenced a willful, wanton, or reckless disregard for others, or committed actual fraud, and such actions were so oppressive and overbearing that in order to punish the wrongdoer and deter similar misconduct in the future, Defendants should be subject to punitive damages consistent with the statutory scheme in the State of Mississippi. Specifically, after considering Defendants' financial condition and net worth, the nature and reprehensibility of Defendants' wrongdoing, Defendants' awareness of the amount of harm being caused, and Defendants' motivation in causing such harm, the duration of Defendants' misconduct and

attempts to conceal such misconduct, and Miss. Code Ann. § 11-1-65, Defendants should be subject to punitive damages in an amount to be proven at trial and decided by the jury.

ATTORNEYS' FEES

49.

Plaintiffs incorporate herein each and every allegation made in Paragraphs 1 through 48.

50.

Defendants are liable for all reasonable attorneys' fees, costs, and expenses incurred in pursuit of this cause if found liable for punitive damages or fraud.

PRAYER

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray that after due proceedings are had that a Judgment be rendered in favor of Plaintiffs and against Defendants for damages in an amount to be proven at the trial of this cause, said damages including actual damages, compensatory damages and any other such damages to which Plaintiffs may be entitled and which may be proven at the trial of this cause, for a punitive damages amount based on Defendants' financial condition and net worth, for attorneys' fees, for post-judgment interest, or for such other amount consistent with the statutory scheme in Mississippi for the awarding of such damages, for all costs of this cause and for such other relief to which Plaintiffs may be entitled under the premises.

Respectfully submitted,

**ROBERT POOLE, HOPE POOLE, AND
ALYSSA POOLE AND CHARLIE POOLE, MINORS,
BY AND THROUGH THEIR NATURAL
GUARDIANS, ROBERT POOLE
AND HOPE POOLE, PLAINTIFFS**

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